



REPLY ADVERTISER.

SAMUEL BENTON JR. EDITOR.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER, 2.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

**HENRY CLAY,**  
OF KENTUCKY.

#### MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.

Official returns from all the counties in the State, except Hancock, Jones, and Jackson, exhibit the following vote for Governor: Brown 20,541; Clayton 17,323. The remaining counties will increase Brown's majority. Tucker is said to be elected to Congress over Howard by some 5 or 600 votes. The whole of the Anti-bond ticket has therefore succeeded.

From the Vice-Chancellor's election we have no recent information, Henry Dickenson Esq is, we presume, undoubtedly elected.

**The Called Session.**—We learn that the rumored called session of the Senate for the purpose of choosing a President (Arthur Fox's time having expired) with a view to his becoming acting Governor until Gen. Brown's inauguration in January, has been abandoned. Gov. Tucker, it seems, is to hold on to his present office until the time mentioned. How he can do this and at the same time accept the office of Representative in Congress, we know not.

Robert Josselyn Esq, one of the members elect from Marshall County to the lower branch of the State Legislature, has given up the Chair Editorial preparatory to entering the halls of Legislation. In his parting Card he says: "What I have written in the heat of controversy, I shall try to forget, as I would have others. I have endeavored to be firm without rashness, courteous without servility, and independent without presumption. If I have failed it has been because zeal has blinded judgement—and the passions have been too strong for reason." So far as our short connexion with political matters enables us to judge, the corps editorial loses a worthy and courteous member, and his party an efficient pen, in the retirement of Mr. Josselyn from the press. The "Guard" is in future to be under the editorial management of J. H. Kilpatrick Esq.

✧The *Canton Creole* has passed from the hands of C. C. Shackleford Esq, into those of D. W. Murphy Esq, who is, says the Vicksburg Whig, an industrious and worthy printer. The *Creole* was a spirited print during the last canvass, and though unacquainted with its present Editor, we trust it will continue to be an efficient advocate of the Whig cause.

✧C. A. Bradford Esq, has retired from the Editorial department of the Pontotoc Tribune. It is now conducted by W. W. Leland.

#### NEW YORK TRIBUNE EXTRA.

The Publishers of the New York Tribune, Messrs Greely & McElrath, propose publishing an Extra Edition of the Weekly Tribune, commencing with the number of December 9th, containing the Presidents Message to the New Congress, and ending with the number which shall announce the result of the Presidential election in November 1844. The Extra Edition will contain the same matter furnished to regular subscribers. Twenty Copies will be forwarded to one address for \$20. Where the papers are required to be sent to different offices, or the subscriber to be written on each, the regular subscription price (\$2 per annum) will be charged.

To say that the Tribune is one of the best papers now published, is but doing it simple justice.

**PRESIDENTIAL CANVASS.**—The Columbia Tel. Observer suggests to the Whig members of the Tennessee Legislature the propriety of selecting two delegates to represent the State in the National Whig Convention, to be held at Baltimore in May next to nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

The holding a Convention in each Congressional district for the purpose of choosing a delegate to represent such district in the Baltimore Convention, is also recommended. In addition to this, the West Tennessee Whig proposes that the Whig members of the Legislature select two presidential electors for the State at large, and suggests the names of JOHN BELL and G. A. Henry as suitable persons. Two more talented and efficient individuals could not be selected for the work.

COL. JOHN TREMBULL, died recently in that City, says the N. Y. Tribune, at the advanced age of 87 years. He was one of Washington's Aids, and is favorably known by his great painting of the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

The Governor of Georgia has appointed the first Monday in January next for the election of a member of Congress from that State, in place of Hon. John Millen, deceased.

#### IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the *Britannia*.—Sixteen days later.—The arrival of the steamer *Britannia* at Boston, on the 4th ultimo, brings London and Liverpool dates to the 18th and 19th of October respectively. The *Britannia* accomplished her trip in 161 days and brought over 95 passengers, the largest number said ever yet to have been brought by any of the Cunard Steamers.

One of the most important items of news is the arrest of Daniel O'Connell by the British Government. The circumstances attending it were these. Preparations were making to hold a great repeal meeting at Clontarf, about three miles north of Dublin, on Sunday the 5th of October, which was expected to be one of the largest gatherings ever held in Ireland. A Cabinet Council was held on the Monday previous, and soon afterwards Earl de Grey, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Lord Chancellor Bagenal, and the Earl of Cardigan went over to Ireland. Two regiments of troops, one from Northampton, the other from Glasgow, were also sent over to Dublin. Upon reaching the Capital, the Lord Lieutenant, after a consultation with the Privy Counsellors and Law Officers, put forth a proclamation forbidding the Clontarf Meeting, on the ground that such meetings tended only "to serve the ends of faction and to the violation of the public peace." Immediately a committee of the Repeal Association, with the advice of O'Connell, countermanded the meeting. A letter from O'Connell which was to have been read at the Clontarf gathering, urging the people of Ireland to abstain from violations of the public peace and to resort to none but peaceful and legal means in endeavoring to accomplish the repeal of the act of Union, was also published and exertions made to prevent the people from coming together. But so near at hand was the occasion that many were already on the road. On Sunday, the City Guards were doubled, and troops were stationed at Clontarf, and the day passed off quietly. Great repeal meetings were held on the 9th and 11th, at which O'Connell presided and explained his future plans.

On the 14th, near a week after the proclamation, O'Connell and his son were arrested and held to bail in the sum of £1000 each (Mr. McLaughlin and Dame having entered into the recognizances in the sum of £500 each) to answer "a charge of conspiracy and misdemeanor on the first of the term." This proceeding created much excitement among the people. Immediately af-

ter it O'Connell issued an address to them conjuring to refrain from any breach of the peace and to observe the strictest tranquillity. Warrants had been issued against other agitators, and the arrests, it is said, will embrace a wide range, including several editors of Journals, clergymen &c. It is the design of the British Government to prosecute O'Connell in the Court of Queen's Bench for seditious language, the material being furnished, it is thought, by language used at the Mullaghmast Repeal Meeting. This proceeding of the Government to arrest the repeal agitation, will but give strength to the cause if the Irish People act prudently.

#### THE RIGHT SPIRIT.

The Whigs of Marion County, Missouri, held a meeting at Palmyra, on the 28th ult. in order to appoint delegates to a district Convention to select a delegate to the National Convention and a presidential elector from that electoral district. We notice that our old friends Messrs Thomas Millan and R. E. Darragh acted as chairman and secretary, whilst spirited addresses were made by Thomas L. Anderson and J. I. Campbell Esqrs, all "good whigs and true." Two delegates from each township in the county were designated to attend the convention, and in concurrence with the Whig of Ralls, Hannibal was approved as the place and the 23rd instant suggested as the time for holding said Convention. Among the list of county delegates, several familiar names meet our eyes. The propriety of appointing delegates to the Convention forthwith, was also urged upon other counties in the district which had not moved on the matter. We append from the Missouri Whig the three concluding resolutions passed at the meeting.

Resolved, That the delegates from this county be, and they are hereby instructed to vote for no man as a delegate to the Whig National convention who will not support for President of the United States Henry Clay first, Henry Clay last, and Henry Clay alone.

Resolved, That the delegates from this county be, and they are hereby instructed to select as an Elector for this district an able, active and efficient man—one who shall pledge himself to canvass the whole district before the Presidential election.

Resolved, That the commanding talents, tried patriotism, incorruptible virtues, and steady habits of JOHN DAVIS, of Massachusetts, to those true American principles upon the success of which the prosperity of this nation depends, entitles him, in our opinion, to the second office within the gift of the American people.

**PRESENT TO HENRY CLAY.**—Mr. Mahan the arbiter of gentlemen's fashions in Philadelphia, has prepared a splendid dress coat, designed as a present to HENRY CLAY. It is of black cloth manufactured out of American wool by Lawrence, Stone & Co., of Middlesex, Mass. The balance of the materials are also exclusively of American manufacture. The cloth is said to be equal if not superior, to any ever imported into this country. The editor of the U. S. Gazette pronounces it one of the handsomest garments ever seen by him.

**GEN. BERTRAND.**—This distinguished veteran, who our readers will recollect arrived in this country in September and has since been making a flying tour through it, was at Philadelphia on the 6th instant. A concourse of persons called upon him, at Independence Hall, to present their congratulations, and on Monday evening the French consul, Baron d'Hauterive, presided, and sentiments complimentary to both France and this country were offered on the occasion. Bertrand was one of Bonaparte's most distinguished generals, and shared his fortune through all its vicissitudes. He was with him in his victorious campaigns, followed him in his year's banishment in the Island of Elba, witnessed his final overthrow on the bloody field of Waterloo, and lastly shared his exile on the dreary island of St. Helena.

**AUDUBON.**—The great American Naturalist, J. J. AUDUBON, passed through Philadelphia on the 4th ultimo, on his way to his residence Hudson a few miles above New York, having just returned from his trip Westward up the Missouri River. He brought with him, it is said, many rich specimens in Natural history and geology. He has now in progress another great work entitled the "Quadrupeds of North America." This will doubtless be acceptable to the public as his "Birds of America," and will unquestionably add much to his already well-earned fame as a Naturalist. Mr. Audubon traversed a large portion of the forest wilds of this continent, frequently on foot, in order to become acquainted with the species and character of the birds of America, and by his untiring zeal and energy produced a work which has won for him a name high in the annals of Ornithology, not only in this country, but in Europe.

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From the commencement of the French Revolution in 1789, to the Restoration of the Bourbons in 1815, Abridged for General Readers, Colleges, and Academies from *Alison's large Work* by Edward S. Gould Esq. 1 Vol. Octavo, p.p. 494. Price \$1 in French paper covers; half bound in cloth, \$1.25; full bound and gilt, \$1.50. Address J. Winchester, N. Y. City.

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Price 25 cents a piece, or \$1 for the whole five. The above works are highly spoken of by the press.

**RIOTS IN PHILADELPHIA.**—The City of Philadelphia has for some time past been disgraced by rows among the firemen. On Saturday, the 4th ultimo, a conflict took place between the Weccaco and Fairmount Companies in which one of the rioters was badly beaten and another lost an eye. The disturbances were kept up with increased violence during the night, and several persons were more or less wounded and bruised. On the following day, Sunday, similar conflicts happened, in which fire arms were used. Gabriel Harvey was dangerously wounded in the back of his head; John Morris was shot in the back of the head and in the arm; and Nicholas Tamm severely wounded in the face with buckshot, whilst others received shots in the legs. Measures were taken by the Sheriff, as soon as he was apprised of the outrages, to prevent a recurrence of them.

#### MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

There has probably been no choice for Governor by the people in Massachusetts. Returns from the whole State, with the exception of four towns, show the following vote: Briggs (W.) 57,069; Morton (D.) 52,770; Scattering 8,855. Briggs has a majority of 4,299 over his regular opponent, Morton, but lacks 4,557 of having a majority of the whole number of votes polled.

**Legislature.**—Of the 19 Senators elected the Whigs have 12. In a number of districts there was no choice. In the House the Whigs have 41 members. A second election in three towns in Worcester County, resulted in the choice of Whigs. In the 10th Congressional district, Mr. Grinnell (W.) is said to be elected by 6 or 700 majority, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Burnell. There is no mistake about Massachusetts in the great presidential contest.

**OHIO.**—The N. Y. Tribune thus sums up the popular vote for members of Congress all the districts, at the late election in Ohio: Whig 112,818, Dem. 111,750, Abol 6,470. This exhibits a Whig majority of 1,344. Last year the democrats had a majority of 3,443. The Whigs having run no regular candidates in the 6th, 9th and 18th districts, the vote for Governor in 1842 is substituted in the above statement.

✧A countryman, says an Eastern paper, having read the announcement that money was a "drug" in New York, walked into an apothecary's shop and called for a dose of "Benton mint drops."

The whole of a fresh Egg beaten up and boiling tea or water poured gradually over it, to prevent its curdling, it is said makes a good substitute for cream, and much resembles it in flavor and richness. At this season when milk is scarce, our lady friends might do well to try the experiment.